HEALTH DATA HUB

Toolkit for users

Accessing health data in France

User toolkit - Accessing health data in France

In France, access to health data is submitted to regulations. Procedures, rules and timeframes to access the data may vary based on which conditions you meet and whether the requested data has already been collected or not.

The purpose of this toolkit is to help you **characterise the type of research you are considering** to then help you **identify the applicable procedure and how to implement it**.

You are not in the scope of this toolkit, if :

- you are using **data** for your project that is perfectly **anonymised** : data protection principles do not apply in this case.
- you are using individual-level data that is not health data

For more information about anonymisation, please visit the CNIL website.

To learn more about the definition of health data, consultez le CNIL website.

Toolkit - Accessing health data in France

Two main types of research requiring the use of health data exist in France and involve different procedures for their implementation: research involving human subjects and research not involving human subjects. Traditionally, whenever you wish to re-use personal data, you need to obtain authorisation from the national data protection agency, CNIL, except for in very specific cases, referring to simplified procedures.

In order to identify the right regulatory process for your project, the two following questions need to be raised:

- **Question n°1**: Does my research project involve human subjects (research on individuals vs research on data) ?
- **Question n°2**: Is my research project eligible to a data access procedure exempted from a CNIL authorization ?

This toolkit provides you with assessment criteria to help you answer these questions.

Question n°1

I characterize my research project :

Question n°1: Does my research project involve human subjects (research on individuals vs research on data) ?

Research project Involving Human Subjects (RIPH)

To qualify as RIPH, the research project must meet two cumulative conditions :

1. **Be carried out using the human body** : meaning that additional data collection is necessary for the research, i.e. beyond the data already collected as part of the healthcare procedures relating to the person. In other words, if the research was not carried out, the data would not be collected.

2. **Lead to the development of biological and medical knowledge** :

   - **Biological** knowledge refers to the functioning of the human organism in a broad sense (development, physiology, behaviour, reactions to the environment)

   - **Medical** knowledge refers to prevention, diagnosis or treatment of diseases or disabilities.

Research project Involving Human Subjects (RIPH)

There are **three categories of RIPH,** depending on whether or not the research involves a procedure/ intervention and on the risks incurred by the person who undergoes it:

Category 1

The research project entails a procedure that is not justified by his or her usual care and is not without risks for the person.

A clinical trial involving a drug or an innovative surgical procedure.

Category 2*

The research project entails a procedure with minimal risks and constraints for the person.

Low-risk blood sampling, non-invasive imaging

Category 3**

The research does not entail a procedure but observation of the person and does not bring any risks.

Safe and non-invasive sampling, medical imaging without radiation or contrast injection

Determining the category of RIPH is important in order to identify the appropriate procedure to follow.

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* The list of research in this category is established by order
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Research project Not Involving Human Subjects (RNIPH)

Research projects not involving human subjects (RNIPH) is defined as opposed to RIPH: if one or none of the conditions for qualifying the research as RNIPH are not met, then the research is RNIPH.

In other words, a RNIPH is a research that

- is based on data already collected in the context of care or during a previous research (retrospective data)
- and/or is based on data collected in the course of care (prospective data)

An example of RNIPH : a research thesis on data from medical records or research requiring access to SNIIRAM (French healthcare claims database) data only.

Question n°2

Is my research project eligible to a data access procedure which would not require an authorization from the CNIL ?

Prerequisite: I know whether my research project involves human subjects or not.

Various modalities of data access

1 Three ways of accessing health data for research purposes in France:

- **Internal research** not involving any formality with the CNIL
- **Simplified procedures** that do not require authorization from the CNIL: these can be used as soon as the planned research meets a certain number of conditions set out in the legislation
- The **standard procedure,** if none of the two previous methods is applicable: the CNIL's authorization must then be obtained after receiving the opinion of the competent expert committee**.

2 In all cases, the project coordinator relating to the definition of data controller**:

- Determines the procedure applicable to the research project;
- Must respect the framework set by the internal research, the simplified procedure or the authorization throughout the duration of data processing;
- Records each processing operation into the register of processing activities.

** This may be the CPP - Committee for personal protection - ethics committee for RIPH or Ethics and Scientific Commitee (CESREES) for RNIPH.*
*** It is the person, public authority, service or organisation that determines the aims, objectives and means of the study and assuming legal responsibility for the processing.*

Overview of existing procedures for conducting health research

I am considering carrying out an RIPH

I need to identify the category of my research project

Category 1 | **Category 2** | **Category 3**

I am considering carrying out an RNIPH

I need to identify the procedure for data access applicable to my research project

Internal research

OU

MR001 | **MR003**

OU

Standard procedure

Internal research

OU

MR004 | **MR005** | **MR006** | **EGB** | **Décision unique**

OU

Standard procedure

Internal research

References : CNIL

Project coordinators

Healthcare professionals monitoring patients involved in the research

Targeted data

Only data collected as part of patients individual follow-up (therapeutic or medical)

Actors making data available

The health institution or practice in which the professionals following the patients operate

Critical points

The research must be conducted for the exclusive use of professionals involved in the follow-up of the patients concerned

Key milestones

Favorable opinion from the CPP if the research is an RIPH

45 days

Implementation of the research (informing the persons, use of the data...)

Example of a study: study carried out by a midwife on pregnant women she has followed in her practice over the last five years to obtain indicators to improve their care.

Méthodologie de référence 001

References : Légifrance et CNIL

Project coordinators	Targeted data	Actors making data available
Any actor conducting a category 1 or 2 RIPH research project	Only data listed in the Baseline Methodology, including health data, professional data, data on habits, etc.	The data controller of the Baseline Methodology (can be the same as the project coordinator)

Key milestones

Compliance pledge to the CNIL

48 h*

Favorable opinion from the CPP if the research is an RIPH

45 days

Implementation of the research (informing the persons, use of the data...)

Critical points

(1) The express consent of individuals must be obtained
(2) Data from the SNDS cannot be used (except in the case of a daughter system)
(3) The collection of NIR is not allowed

Study example: Covid-19 vaccine immunogenicity study

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** Response time to receive the acknowledgement of receipt once the pledge has been made on the site.*

Méthodologie de référence 003

References : Légifrance et CNIL

Project coordinators	Targeted data	Actors making data available
Any actor conduction a category 3 RIPH research project	Only data listed in the BM, including health data, professional data, lifestyle data, etc.	The data controller targeted by the Baseline Methodology (can be the same as the project owner)

Key milestones

Compliance pledge to the CNIL

48 h*

Favorable opinion from the CPP if the research is an RIPH

45 days

Implementation of the research (informing the persons, collection of the data…)

Points of attention

(1) The express consent of individuals must be obtained
(2) Data from the SNDS cannot be used (except in the case of a daughter system)
(3) The collection of NIR (social security number) is not allowed

Study example: Study requiring the collection of an additional dose of blood to test for HIV not included in the initial care of patients

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Méthodologie de référence 004

References : Légifrance et CNIL

Project coordinators

Any actor reusing data already collected previously or collected in the course of care

Targeted data

Only the data listed in the text, including health data, professional data, lifestyle data, etc.

Actors making data available

Data controller targeted by the Baseline Methodology (it can be the project owner)

1125 projects in 2020

Critical points

(1) Data subjects must be individually informed
(2) No data directly identifying the patient should be used (except for health professionals who have followed the patient)
(3) Data from the SNDS may not be used (except in the case of a feeder system)

Key milestones

Compliance pledge to the CNIL

48 h*

Registration of the research project on the HDH register

Implementation of the research (informing the persons, use of the data...)

Example of a study: study of premature baby care based on the medical records of the university hospitals of the Occitania region

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Méthodologie de référence 005

References : National Gazette Légifrance et CNIL

Project coordinators	Targeted data	Actors making data available
Health care institutions and hospital federations	Exclusively data from the hospital database (PSMI) of ATIH (technical agency for information on hospitalization)	ATIH -technical agency for information on hospitalization

35 projects in 2020

Critical points

Data can only be processed on the ATIH platform

Key milestones

Compliance pledge to the CNIL

48 h*

Registration of the research project on the HDH register

Implementation of the research (informing the persons, use of the data...)

Study example: study of the re-hospitalization rate following a stroke

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Méthodologie de référence 006

References : National Gazette Légifrance et CNIL

Project coordinators	Data targeted	Actors making data available
Health and healthcare industry	Exclusively data from the MISP of the l'ATIH (technical agency for information on hospitalization)	ATIH -technical agency for information on hospitalization

61 projects in 2020

Key milestones

Compliance pledge to the CNIL

48 h*

Registration of the research project on the HDH register

Implementation of the research (informing the persons, use of the data...)

Critical points

(1) The study must be carried out by a research laboratory or consultancy that has made a pledge of compliance to the CNIL
(2) An audit on the objectives of the study and on the use of the results by the project leader.

Example of a study: study of multiple sclerosis cost of care.

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Generic/ Minimum Sample of Beneficiaries (EGB)

References : National Gazette Légifrance et CNIL

Project coordinators	Targeted data	Data holders making data available
Any actor wishing to access data from the GSB	Data from the GSB and the « datamarts » from the SNIIRAM*	CNAM - French National Health Insurance Fund

11 projects in 2020

Critical points

(1) Use of a single potential identifier
(2) The duration of access may not exceed two years
(3) Access to the data is via the CNAM platform
(4) The project must be evaluated by three experts external to the project leader

Key milestones

Approval from the HDH
15 days

Registration of the research project on the HDH register

Implementation of the research project
24 months

Example of a study: Study on the consumption of care by patients suffering from asthma in France

*SNIIRAM : National health insurance information system

Single decision

Project coordinators

Project leader covered by the CNIL's single authorization

Targeted data

Only data categories authorized by the CNIL

Data holders making data available

CNAM, ATIH, HDH or any other actor making data available

Critical points

(1) Authorization must be obtained from the CNIL under the standard procedure
(2) Each new study carried out must fall within the framework of the CNIL's single authorization

Key milestones

Obtaining a single authorization

Response time applicable to the standard procedure (*see slide below*)

Registration of each study carried out as part of the authorization in the HDH register

Implementation of the research project

Example study: study to develop a tool to provide dashboards for health care institutions

The standard procedure implies prior authorization to access to the data

If none of the simplified procedures are applicable to your project, the standard procedure applies: it differs depending on whether the research envisaged is an RIPH or an RNIPH.

398 projects in 2020

The research is a RIPH

Key milestones

Opinion from the CPP

45 days

CNIL authorization

from 2 to 4 months

To learn more about how to submit a data access request to conduct a RIPH, contact the CNRIPH ou go to french Ministry of Health website

The research is a RNIPH

Key milestones

CESREES opinion

1 month

CNIL authorization

from 2 to 4 months

To learn more about how to submit a data access request to conduct a RNIPH, go to the HDH website.

Mixed research (RIPH and RNIPH): If the research planned is an RIPH and a match with existing data is desired, the RIPH procedure applies to the entire research. The opinion of the CPP alone is sufficient before submission to the CNIL.

Need help ?

If, after consulting this guide, you still have questions about the characterization of your research or the identification of the procedure applicable to it, you can

- Consult our website;
- Ask your questions on the support forum;
- Contact us. Do not hesitate to describe your project and your questions in detail so that we can provide you with the best possible answer.

List of acronyms

ATIH: Technical Agency for Information on Hospitalization

CESREES : French Scientific and Ethical Committee for Research, Studies and Evaluations in the Health Sector

CNAM: French National Health Insurance Fund

CNIL: French Data Protection Agency

CPP: Committee for the Protection of Individuals

EGB: Generic sample of beneficiaries

HDH: Health Data Hub

MR: Baseline Methodology

PMSI: Medicalisation of Information Systems Programme

RIPH: Research Involving the Human Person

RNIPH: Research Not Involving the Human Person

SNDS: French National Healthcare Data System

List of acronyms

ATIH: Technical Agency for Information on Hospitalization

SNIIRAM, Cépidc